LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Jeremy Coe
Chair

Charles Garcia Vice Chair

Gloryanna Rhodes | Tosh Ishihara | Mark Elliott

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Fire Chief
David A. Bramell

Board Secretary Hailey Salazar

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District
Lathrop, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District (District), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maze + Associates

Pleasant Hill, California
March 8, 2023

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MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District's financial activities based on current known facts, decisions, and conditions. This information is presented in conjunction with the audited basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2021-2022

The District's government-wide total assets and deferred outflows increased by $7,474,265, to $39,373,005, mainly due to increase in current assets and capital assets, net of $3,048,206 and an increase in deferred outflows in the current year of $3,691,117.

Total net position increased by $8,777,988, to ($9,118,923). Although revenues increased by $1,559,061 in 2021-2022, expenses also decreased by $9,327,449.

Included in the required supplemental information section is a General Fund budgetary comparison schedule. That schedule indicates that we had an excess variance of $992,027. Variance details are listed on the schedule on page 34.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of financial statements for the District as a whole with more detailed information about the District's major funds. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a long-term view of the District's finances and include capital assets and long-term liabilities. The fund financial statements present a short term view of the District's activities and therefore include only current assets expected to be collected in the very near future and liabilities expected to be paid in the very near future.

The Balance Sheet presents a snapshot of the assets of the District, the District's liabilities and the net difference reflected as its fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance measures the extent to which the District's operating cost were funded from general revenues.

The Notes to Financial Statements provides additional disclosures and information to assist the reader in understanding the District's financial condition

The District as a Whole

One important question asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The information in the government-wide financial statements helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting (and reports depreciation on capital assets), which is similar to the basis of accounting used by most private-sector companies.

The change in net position (the difference between total assets and total liabilities) over time is one indicator of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one must consider other nonfinancial factors in making an assessment of the District's health, such as changes in the economy, changes in the District's tax base, and changes in the District's boundaries, etc. to assess the overall health of the District.

Capital Assets

The District owns real property at each of its five fire station locations. The Administration Office is located at Station 35 in the River Islands Development in Lathrop. In addition, the District owns a considerable amount of vehicles and specialized equipment used by fire district personnel in performing fire, rescue and EMS activities. These fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reflected in the District's government-wide financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities reflected in the government-wide financial statements were $6,708,212 lower than the prior year due mainly to decrease in Net Pension Liability of $6,128,937.

Net Position

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2022	2021	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
ASSETS				
Current assets	$ 12,567,600	$ 11,832,658	$ 734,942	6.21%
Capital assets, net	17,505,158	14,456,952	3,048,206	21.08%
Total assets	30,072,758	26,289,610	3,783,148	14.39%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,300,247	5,609,130	3,691,117	65.81%
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	160,812	216,681	(55,869)	-25.78%
Long-term liabilities	39,242,018	45,950,230	(6,708,212)	-14.60%
Total liabilities	39,402,830	46,166,911	(6,764,081)	-14.65%
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,089,098	3,628,740	5,460,358	150.48%
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	7,582,642	6,202,479	1,380,163	22.25%
Restricted	3,581,904	5,113,911	(1,532,007)	-29.96%
Unrestricted	(20,283,469)	(29,213,301)	(8,929,832)	-30.57%
Total net position	$ (9,118,923)	$ (17,896,911)	$ (8,777,988)	-49.05%

Condensed Statement of Activities

	2022	2021	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
REVENUES				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	$ 1,567,597	$ 1,597,490	$ (29,893)	-1.87%
Operating grants and contributions	540,439	394,790	145,649	36.89%
Capital grants and contributions	-	290,307	(290,307)	0.00%
General revenues				
Property taxes	6,562,524	5,644,979	917,545	16.25%
Special assessments	2,440,110	2,379,884	60,226	2.53%
Impact mitigation fees	2,685,100	3,128,640	(443,540)	-14.18%
Measure C taxes	4,157,516	2,957,202	1,200,314	40.59%
Other	206,348	153,084	53,264	34.79%
Total revenues	18,159,634	16,546,376	1,613,258	9.75%
EXPENSES				
Fire protection services	8,877,363	15,972,212	(7,094,849)	-44.42%
Administration	342,205	521,005	(178,800)	-34.32%
Interest on long-term debt	162,078	42,524	119,554	281.14%
Total expenses	9,381,646	16,535,741	(7,154,095)	-43.26%
Change in Net Position	8,777,988	10,635	8,767,353	82438.67%
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	(17,896,911)	(17,859,968)	(36,943)	0.21%
Prior period restatement	-	(47,578)	47,578	-100.00%
Total Net Position - End of Year	$ (9,118,923)	$ (17,896,911)	$ 8,777,988	-49.05%

Economic Outlook

The Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District's financial position has continued to be positively impacted by the amount of growth and development in both residential housing and commercial businesses that are taking place within the District's jurisdictional limits. The District is anticipating continued growth in new construction, along with revenues from tax measures and grants. Currently, the District is working towards securing FEMA grants for Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and to help with funding additional firefighter staffing. The Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District employs budget and planning strategies that include ways to build up reserves and to ensure equipment, apparatus and station maintenance are being addressed.

We are projecting that the District will experience revenue growth in 2023 despite potential projected economic slowdowns. This financial assumption is based upon continued significant development of master planned residential communities, the influx of commercial/industrial projects, changes in population and other service-level indicators. The District is geographically located in an advantageous region for continued growth in the logistics industry which generates property and special assessment revenue. Although the rate of property tax revenue from residential growth may slow from the previous fiscal year, it is anticipated to still result in a net positive to the District, year over year.

Additional Financial Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's financial statement users with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Additional information can be obtained from the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District, in care of David Bramell, 19001 Somerston Parkway, Lathrop, California 95330.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 12,202,624
Accounts receivable	364,976
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,325,418
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	13,179,740
Total Assets	30,072,758
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Pension related	7,553,554
OPEB related	1,746,693
Total Deferred Outflows	9,300,247
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	160,812
Long-term liabilities	153,029
Due within one year	303,963
Due in more than one year	38,785,026
Total current liabilities	39,402,830
DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Pension related	7,977,726
OPEB related	1,111,372
Total Deferred Inflows	9,089,098
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,582,642
Restricted	3,581,904
Unrestricted	(20,283,469)
Total net position	$ (9,118,923)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Fire Protection Services	$ 8,877,363	$ 1,567,597	$ 540,439	$ -	$ (6,769,327)
Administration	342,205	-	-	-	(342,205)
Interest on long-term debt	162,078	-	-	-	(162,078)
Total governmental activities	$ 9,381,646	$ 1,567,597	$ 540,439	$ -	(7,273,610)
General Revenue					
Taxes and subventions:					
Property taxes					6,562,524
Special assessments					2,440,110
Measure C taxes					4,157,516
Impact mitigation fees					2,685,100
Rental income					57,991
Interest and investment earnings					28,413
Miscellaneous					119,944
Total general revenues					16,051,598
Change in net position					8,777,988
NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF THE YEAR					(17,896,911)
NET POSITION-END OF THE YEAR					$ (9,118,923)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Measure C Fund	Facility Fee Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Developer Account Fund	Non-Major Health and Safety Fund	Total
ASSETS								
Cash	$ 3,450,731	$ 28,682	$3,589,603	$5,127,724	$ -	$ 801	$ 5,083	$12,202,624
Accounts receivable	270,915	-	-	94,061	-	-	-	364,976
Total assets	$ 3,721,646	$ 28,682	$3,589,603	$5,221,785	$ -	$ 801	$ 5,083	$12,567,600
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	$ 138,968	$ -	$ 7,699	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 146,667
Accrued wages	153,029	-	-	-	-	-	-	153,029
Total liabilities	291,997	-	7,699	-	-	-	-	299,696
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted	-	-	3,581,904	-	-	-	-	3,581,904
Assigned	-	28,682	-	5,221,785	-	801	5,083	5,256,351
Unassigned	3,429,649	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,429,649
Total fund balance	3,429,649	28,682	3,581,904	5,221,785	-	801	5,083	12,267,904
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 3,721,646	$ 28,682	$3,589,603	$5,221,785	$ -	$ 801	$ 5,083	$12,567,600

See accompanying notes to financial statements

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Reconciliation of the
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
with the
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances reported on the governmental fund balance sheet	$ 12,267,904
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	17,505,158
Ambulance service, property tax receivable and intergovernmental, that are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the balance sheet.	
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Interest payable	(14,145)
State loan payable -Chapter 1168/85	(33,476)
Capital leases payable	(1,087,788)
Station 35 Loan	(5,311,252)
Certificates of Participation	(3,490,000)
Compensated absences payable	(366,047)
Deferred outflow related to pension	7,553,554
Net pension liability	(18,868,522)
Deferred inflow related to pension	(7,977,726)
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	1,746,693
Net OPEB liability	(9,931,904)
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	(1,111,372)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	$ (9,118,923)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Measure C Fund	Facility Fee Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Developer Account Fund	Non-Major Health and Safety Fund	Total
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	$ 6,562,524	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 6,562,524
Special assessments	2,440,110	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,440,110
Measure C Taxes	-	-	4,157,516	-	-	-	-	4,157,516
Federal grant	540,439	-	-	-	-	-	-	540,439
Impact mitigation fee	-	32,924	-	2,652,176	-	-	-	2,685,100
Licenses/permits	135,933	-	-	-	-	-	-	135,933
Plan check and service fees	562,672	-	-	-	-	-	-	562,672
Other services	868,992	-	-	-	-	-	-	868,992
Interest income	5,875	501	8,181	13,841	-	-	15	28,413
Miscellaneous income	119,944	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,944
Total revenues	11,236,489	33,425	4,165,697	2,666,017	-	-	15	18,101,643
EXPENDITURES:								
Salaries and wages	5,577,160	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,577,160
Employee benefits	4,632,190	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,632,190
Insurance	450,593	-	-	-	-	-	-	450,593
Maintenance	261,692	-	-	93,354	-	-	-	355,046
Administration charges	108,108	-	-	1,265	-	-	-	109,373
Fuel, lube and tires	162,838	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,838
Communication	77,271	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,271
Director's expense	9,350	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,350
Dispatching	197,421	-	-	-	-	-	-	197,421
Firefighter supplies	352,976	-	161,832	169,347	-	-	-	684,155
Legal and professional services	190,151	-	-	160	-	-	-	190,311
Office expense	39,475	-	-	11,258	-	-	-	50,733
Public relations and training	151,176	-	-	-	-	-	-	151,176
Utilities	122,526	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,526
Capital Outlay	5,510	144,775	-	-	2,967,320	-	-	3,117,605
Debt service - principal	-	214,395	-	1,084,882	-	-	-	1,299,277
Debt service - interest	-	68,605	-	93,473	-	-	-	162,078
Miscellaneous expense	136,056	36,693	-	-	-	-	-	172,749
Total expenditures	12,474,493	464,468	161,832	1,453,739	2,967,320	-	-	17,521,852
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,238,004)	(431,043)	4,003,865	1,212,278	(2,967,320)	-	15	579,791
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	2,108,552	492,924	-	-	-	-	-	2,601,476
Operating transfers out	(32,924)	-	(2,568,552)	-	-	-	-	(2,601,476)
Rental income	57,991	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,991
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,133,619	492,924	(2,568,552)	-	-	-	-	57,991
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	895,615	61,881	1,435,313	1,212,278	(2,967,320)	-	15	637,782
Fund balances, beginning	2,534,034	(33,199)	2,146,591	4,009,507	2,967,320	801	5,068	11,630,122
Fund balances, ending	$ 3,429,649	$ 28,682	$ 3,581,904	$ 5,221,785	$ -	$ 801	$ 5,083	$ 12,267,904

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Reconciliation of the
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND
with the
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The schedule below reconciles the Net Change in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	$ 637,782
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
The capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance	3,974,048
Loss on disposal of capital assets is deducted from fund balance	(16,625)
Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance	(909,217)
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Compensated absences	51,328
Net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows	(419,252)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows	3,710,656
Debt principal transactions reported in the governmental fund statement of revenue but not considered an operating activity in the statement of activities (but only as changes in liabilities)	
Principal repayments on note payable	1,299,277
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	$ 8,777,988

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. ORGANIZATION

The Lathrop-Manteca Rural County Fire Protection District was established in 1936 to provide fire protection for the township of Lathrop, rural Lathrop and rural Manteca. The Fire District was organized under the laws of the State of California, Health and Safety Code section 13800, known as the Fire Protection District law of 1987. It is governed by a five member Board of Directors who are elected at-large to serve a four-year term. Since 1936 the District has developed into a proactive Fire Department covering 100 square miles including the recently incorporated City of Lathrop.

The District staffs five strategically located fire stations with career personnel, as well as volunteer firefighters. In February of 2002, the Board of Directors changed the name to the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts — net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

Program revenues: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Districts general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is allocated to General Government function and reported in total in the Statement of Activities. Interest on general long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column. The District has two non-major funds: Developer Account Fund and Health & Safety Fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure, and a change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity for the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District includes all the funds and operations under the jurisdiction of the District.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-121.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e. balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used, or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Directors annually adopts a District-wide budget resolution. The preliminary budget may be amended by the Board of Directors and is adopted by resolution by the Board of Directors on or before June 30. The final budget is then adopted by the Board of Directors on or before August 30. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the year. The budget is prepared on a cash basis, which does not vary significantly from the basis of accounting used in the financial statements. Management can transfer budgeted amounts between expenditure accounts with a resolution approved by the Board of Directors.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District funds are as follows:

Major Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. FUND ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Capital Outlay Fund – The Capital Outlay Fund is used to support the capital improvement plan designed to fund future capital purchases.

Measure C Fund – The Measure C Fund is used to account for the collection of Measure C tax dollars, which provides funding restricted for public safety within the boundaries of the City of Lathrop.

Facility Fee Capital Project Fund – The Facility Fee Fund is used to account for the collection of fire facility fees, which provides funding assigned for public safety within the boundaries of the District.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the Certificates of participation transactions. The Fund is also treated as a cash reserve that is used to pay principal and interest related to the Certificates of participation.

Non-Major Fund:

Developer Account Fund – The Developer Account Fund is used to account for billing for services provided during development projects. This account is to fund any and all billing that will be required to research, acquire outside services and provide staff time to facilitate the developments when requested.

Health & Safety Fund – The Health and Safety Fund is used as a reserve fund to account for the OPEB unfunded liability. Based on each year's financial performance, the District will determine if a transfer can be made to this fund to reduce the OPEB unfunded liability.

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets purchased or acquired, with an original cost of $5,000 or more, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings	40 years
Buildings Improvements	20 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computer Equipment	5 years
Furniture	7 years
Vehicles	5 years
Fire Apparatus	15 years
Fire Fighting Equipment	5 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund activity is reported as loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

G. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District accrues the cost for compensated absences when such time is earned. Employees have a vested interest in accrued vacation time. All vacation hours will eventually either be used or paid by the District. For those employees who do not use their accrued balances during the current fiscal year, their balances carry over to the next fiscal year. As this occurs, the District incurs an obligation to pay for these unused hours. All compensated absences for governmental activities are paid out of the general fund.

H. GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.

Restricted net position consists of amounts that are restricted by the Districts creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.

Unrestricted – remaining net position not identified as invested in capital assets or restricted.

I. FUND BALANCE

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *"Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,"* the District is required to report fund balances in the following categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and/or Unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance reflects assets not in spendable form, either because they will never convert to cash (prepaid expense) or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority: the Board of Directors. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance reflects amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Directors is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes of which restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned, respectively.

J. PROPERTY TAXES

Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before July 1 and become delinquent on August 31. The County of San Joaquin bills and collects taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

K. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For presentation in the financial statements, all cash and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents.

L. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

M. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District's San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association (SJCERA) plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SJCERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

P. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. LEASE ACCOUNTING

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial assets (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include building, land vehicles, and equipment. The District has set a lease capitalization threshold based on 5% of the average of annual assets and revenue for lease contracts to be recorded under GASB 87. Any lease with a present value at inception less that that amount will be deemed immaterial in relation to the financial statements as a whole and, thereby, excluded. As of June 30, 2023, the District did not have any leases meeting this threshold.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's total pooled cash balance at June 30, 2022 is $12,202,624 which is held in the San Joaquin County Treasury.

Pooled Funds

The District maintains all of its cash in the San Joaquin County Treasury. The County pools and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

Because the deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial risk classifications is required.

In accordance with applicable State laws, the San Joaquin County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities. However, at June 30, 2022, the San Joaquin County Treasurer has represented that the Treasurer's pooled investment fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool and/or having the pool purchase a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy limits the amount it may invest with certain issuers. At June 30, 2022, the District had no concentration of credit risk and complied with the requirements of the District's investment policy.

NOTE 3 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of transfers of $2,568,552 from Measure C Fund to the General Fund and Capital Outlay Fund; and $32,924 from the General Fund to the Capital Outlay Fund to cover personnel expenses.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in Governmental Activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	$ 334,000	$ -	$ -	$ 334,000
Construction in progress	1,114,738	2,893,305	(16,625)	3,991,418
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,448,738	2,893,305	(16,625)	4,325,418
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	769,950	9,063	-	779,013
Buildings	9,762,769	-	-	9,762,769
Buildings Improvements	511,830	17,460	-	529,290
Office Equipment	-	29,382	-	29,382
Computer Equipment	1,027,767	-	-	1,027,767
Furniture	66,469	-	-	66,469
Vehicles	499,643	105,009	(38,696)	565,956
Fire Apparatus	5,853,023	668,975	(100,000)	6,421,998
Fire Fighting Equipment	306,654	250,854	-	557,508
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,798,105	1,080,743	(138,696)	19,740,152
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	75,379	38,951	-	114,330
Buildings	1,469,057	244,069	-	1,713,126
Buildings Improvements	55,737	26,174	-	81,911
Office Equipment	-	5,386	-	5,386
Computer Equipment	626,928	121,914	-	748,842
Furniture	21,365	9,496	-	30,861
Vehicles	389,173	71,834	38,696	422,311
Fire Apparatus	3,023,453	298,550	100,000	3,222,003
Fire Fighting Equipment	128,799	92,843	-	221,642
Total accumulated depreciation	5,789,891	909,217	138,696	6,560,412
Net capital assets being depreciated	13,008,214	1,989,960	-	13,179,740
Total capital assets, net	$ 14,456,952	$ 4,883,265	$ (16,625)	$ 17,505,158

The entire amount of depreciation expense is allocated to fire protection services in the statement of activities.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount due within one year
State Loan -Chapter 1168/85	$ 33,476	$ -	$ -	$ 33,476	$ -
Capital Lease Obligations	1,302,183	-	214,395	1,087,788	223,963
Station 35 Reimbursement	6,316,134	-	1,004,882	5,311,252	-
Certificates of Participation	3,570,000	-	80,000	3,490,000	80,000
Net OPEB Liability	9,313,603	618,301	-	9,931,904	-
Net Pension Liability	24,997,459	-	6,128,937	18,868,522	-
Compensated Absences	417,375	340,214	391,542	366,047	-
	$ 45,950,230	$ 958,515	$ 7,819,756	$ 39,088,989	$ 303,963

State Loan – Chapter 1168/85

The District applied for and received a state loan in the amount of the shortfall in funding received through supplemental roll tax revenue during the 1984-85 fiscal year. The loan is interest free and was to be repaid from the 1984-85 fiscal year supplemental roll tax revenue received by the District after January 15, 1986. No due date has been assigned to the loan. The balance due on the loan at June 30, 2022 is $33,476.

Capital Lease Obligations

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District had five capital leases for the purchase of fire apparatuses. The following are the lease-purchases and their terms in place during the year ended June 30,2022:

Asset	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Purchase Price	Balance July 1, 2021	Payments	Balance June 30, 2022
2021 Pierce 1500 Impel PUC Pumper	1/15/2030	2.69%	$ 668,975	$ 668,975	$ 89,990	$ 578,985
2019 Pierce Impel PUC Pumper	9/27/2024	3.25%	634,558	377,891	59,661	318,230
2019 Pierce Wildland Pumper	5/31/2025	4.52%	419,260	255,317	64,744	190,573
Total			$ 1,722,793	$ 1,302,183	$ 214,395	$ 1,087,788

The annual debt service payments required to amortize the capital leases outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	$ 223,963	$ 34,478	$ 258,441
2024	231,652	26,790	258,442
2025	239,616	18,825	258,441
2026	74,394	10,575	84,969
2027	76,398	8,571	84,969
2028-2030	241,765	13,142	254,907
Totals	$ 1,087,788	$ 112,381	$ 1,200,169

Accrued interest of $14,145 is included in the he government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Station 35 Reimbursement Agreement

The District entered into a reimbursement agreement with River Islands Development for the purchase and construction of the River Islands Fire Station during the 2018-19 fiscal year. The Fire Facility Fees collected will be used to pay the reimbursement agreement after the District's use of fire facilities fees for fire equipment and trucks. All remaining fire facilities fees collected in any applicable calendar year shall be used to pay River Islands Development until such time that they have been reimbursed the full amount. The agreement is interest free and is to be repaid prior to the conveyance of the fire station to the District. The District made a payment of $1,004,882 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The balance due on the loan at June 30, 2022 is $5,311,252.

Certificates of Participation for Station 31 Renovation Project

In 2021, the District issued Certificates of Participation in the amount of $3,570,000 for the purpose of providing funds to (a) finance a portion of the costs of renovation of Fire Station 31, (b) purchase a reserve fund municipal bond insurance policy in lieu of cash funding a reserve fund for the Certificates, and (c) pay the delivery costs incurred in connection with the execution, delivery and sale of the Certificates, including purchasing a municipal bond insurance policy for the Certificates. The agreement also contains that in an event of default, lessor may: (1) declare all lease payments and other amounts payable to be due, (2) terminate payment schedule and reclaim possession of property being leased and (3) take any action that is permitted by applicable law. The current interest and yield vary, ranging from 3.0% to 4.0%. The Certificates are scheduled to mature on May 1, 2051.

The annual payments required to amortize the Certificates of Participation outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	$ 80,000	$ 121,481	$ 201,481
2024	80,000	119,081	199,081
2025	85,000	116,681	201,681
2026	85,000	115,831	200,831
2027	85,000	114,981	199,981
2028-2032	445,000	557,882	1,002,882
2033-2037	515,000	486,200	1,001,200
2038-2042	625,000	375,000	1,000,000
2043-2047	760,000	239,800	999,800
2048-2051	730,000	74,600	804,600
Totals	$ 3,490,000	$ 2,321,537	$ 5,811,537

NOTE 6 – FUND BALANCES

The District follows GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. The following schedule is a summary of the components of the ending fund balance by fund type at June 30, 2022:

Fund Balance Classifications	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Measure C Fund	Facility Fee Fund	Developer Account Fund	Health & Safety Fund	Total
Restricted for:							
Capital Projects and Approved Employee Expenditrues	$ -	$ -	$ 3,581,904	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 3,581,904
Total Restricted	-	-	3,581,904	-	-	-	3,581,904
Assigned for:							
Capital Projects	-	28,682	-	-	801	-	29,483
Fire Facilities	-	-	-	5,221,785	-	-	5,221,785
Health & OPEB Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	5,083	5,083
Total Assigned	-	-	-	5,221,785	801	5,083	5,256,351
Unassigned:							
Unassigned	3,429,649	-	-	-	-	-	3,429,649
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	3,429,649	-	-	-	-	-	3,429,649
Total Fund Balances	$ 3,429,649	$ -	$ 3,581,904	$ 5,221,785	$ 801	$ 5,083	$ 12,267,904

NOTE 7 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association (SJCERA), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Board of Retirement. The Association provides retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The County Employee's Retirement Act of 1937 is the statutory basis for the Association. The Board of Retirement has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Association. The Plan issues a separate annual audited financial statement report. Copies of the report are available on SJCERA's website www.scjera.org

Funding Policy

Contribution rates for the employers and employees were determined in accordance with actuarially determined contribution requirements by an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2020. Employee contributions are payable over each employee's future working lifetime. The employer rates reflect the entry age normal funding method. Under this method, the normal cost is being paid over the future working lifetimes of the members. For the year ended June 30, 2022, contribution rates as a percentage of the annual covered payroll were as follows:

Hire date	Prior to July 1, 2012	On or after July 1, 2012
Required employee contribution rates		
Tier 1	4.89% - 9.60%	6.18% - 15.89%
Tier 2	9.47% - 14.67%	9.47% - 14.67%
Required employer contribution rates		
Tier 1 Safety Members	84.60%	79.85%
Tier 2 Safety Members	70.50%	70.50%
Tier 1 Miscellaneous Members	47.28%	47.28%
Tier 2 Miscellaneous Members	37.57%	37.57%

NOTE 7 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Member contribution rates depend on the member's age upon joining the plan and the plan in which they participate.

Contributions

The employers' actual contributions to the Plan for the years ending June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were $2,969,028 $2,760,478, and $2,069,953, respectively, and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of $18,868,522, for its proportional share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating organizations, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of December 31, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion - December 31, 2021	1.54760%
Proportion - December 31, 2020	1.49070%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.05690%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of $2,587,464. As of June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 30,644	$ (907,443)
Changes in assumptions	1,606,199	
Changes in proportion	2,947,683	
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		(2,383,571)
Actual FY 21-22 contributions (post measurement date)	2,969,028	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(4,686,712)
Net Deferred Inflows and Outflows	$ 7,553,554	$ (7,977,726)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Annual Amortization
2023	$ 23,035
2024	(1,360,624)
2025	(839,965)
2026	(1,215,646)
Total	$ (3,393,200)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020
Measurement Date	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.00% net of investment expenses
Inflation	2.75%
Amortization Growth Rate	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.00% plus merit component
COLA increases	2.60%
Post-Retirement Mortality	Sex distinct tables from the Society of Actuaries' new Public mortality tables, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2018A

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from organizations will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 7 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Aggressive Growth	10%	9.10%
Tradtional Growth	32%	5.70%
Stabilized Growth	33%	3.00%
Principal Protection	10%	-1.10%
Crisis Risk Offset (CRO)	15%	1.45%
Cash	0%	-1.90%
Total	100%	

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-perentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Description	1% Decrease 6.00%	Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	$ 30,185,057	$ 18,868,522	$ 9,584,529

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SJCERA financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2022, the District had no outstanding required contributions to the pension plan.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description. The District provides retiree health benefits for eligible retired employees. The District reported two different retiree healthcare benefit programs:

1. The first program is a negotiated benefit under which unused sick leave hours can be converted, by formula, to months of District-paid medical, dental and/or vision premiums. Under this arrangement, once the credited hours are depleted, the retiree becomes responsible for the 100% of the ongoing premium cost, if he or she opts to continue it.

2. The second arrangement is defined based on the terms of a resolution executed with CalPERS upon joining that medical program in 2006. This resolution provides for the District to pay 100% of the monthly medical premiums for the retiree and all eligible dependents for their lifetime, *but not more than* the PERS Choice plan premiums charged in the Bay Area region. Eligibility for coverage and this benefit is determined based on strict requirements per the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA).

Benefits Provided. The District offers retiree access to retire medical, dental and vision coverage. Under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA), the District is obligated to contribute toward the cost of retiree medical coverage for the retiree's lifetime or until coverage is discontinued; if a surviving spouse is entitled to survivor pension benefits, he or she may continue coverage and receive the PEMHCA benefit as well. The District's contribution toward the medical plan premiums is the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution (MEC) of $139 per month in 2020 and $143 per month in 2021 and to $149 per month in 2022.

- Any retiree who satisfies the requirement for access to coverage described below and elects medical coverage through CalPERS is entitled to this MEC benefit from the District.

- For those hired on or before July 1, 2012 and who do not cash out any unused sick leave at the time of retirement, the District will provide one month of medical, dental and/or vision coverage for every 24 hours of accumulated sick leave. The benefit covers the premium for any coverage level up to but not exceeding the applicable PERS Choice Bay Area premium rate.

Access to coverage. Coverage requires the employee to satisfy the requirements for retirement under the San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association (SJCERA). Retirement eligibility under SJCERA is as follows:

- Members who joined SJCERA for the first time prior to January 1, 2013: (1) age 50 and 10 years of service, or (2) 20 years of service (30 years of service for General employees), regardless of age, or (3) for General employees, age 70, regardless of service.

- Members who joined SJCERA for the first time on or after January 1, 2013: (1) age 50 (age 52 for General employees) and 5 years of service, or (2) age 70, regardless of service.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit. At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan members	38
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Total	52

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the actuarial assumptions shown in the following table, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
Discount Rate	2.21% as of June 30, 2020
	2.16% as of June 30, 2021
Salary Increases	3.00%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.7 % in 2022 and fluctuates until rate of 4% in 2076

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on those applicable to "general" employees as shown in the report on the January 1, 2021, actuarial valuation of the San Joaquin County Employees' Retirement Association program. The mortality rates (prior to projection) were those described by SJCERA in their 2019 study, except for the basis used to project mortality improvement.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21 percent. The discount rate used is based on the Bond Buyer 20 Year High Grade Index.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (6/30/20 measurement date)	$ 9,313,603	$ -	$ 9,313,603
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:			
Service Cost	593,177	-	593,177
Interest Cost	216,105	-	216,105
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	65,588	-	65,588
Contributions from the employer	-	256,569	(256,569)
Net investment income	-	-	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(256,569)	(256,569)	-
Net Changes	618,301	-	618,301
Balance at June 30, 2022 (6/30/21 measurement date)	$ 9,931,904	$ -	$ 9,931,904

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)		
Discount Rate -1% (1.16%)	Current Discount Rate (2.16%)	Discount Rate +1% (3.16%)
$ 11,385,970	$ 9,931,904	$ 8,731,381

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.7 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)		
Discount Rate -1% (4.70%)	Current Health Care Cost Trend Rates (5.70%)	Discount Rate +1% (6.70%)
$ 8,409,727	$ 9,931,904	$ 11,874,154

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The Plan has no assets.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of $780,545. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	$ -	$ (243,893)
Changes of assumptions	1,385,400	(867,479)
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	361,293	-
Total	$ 1,746,693	$ (1,111,372)

The District will recognize the contributions made subsequent to the measurement date in the next fiscal year. In addition, future recognition of these deferred resources is shown below:

Measurement Period Ended June 30	Annual Amortization
2023	$ (28,737)
2024	(28,737)
2025	(28,737)
2026	(28,737)
2027	1,811
Thereafter	387,165
Total	$ 274,028

Payable to the OPEB Plan

The District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 9 – JOINT VENTURE

The District is a member with other fire districts in a Joint Powers Authority, Fire Agencies Self Insurance System (FASIS), which provides coverage for workers' compensation. FASIS provides first dollar coverage up to a limit of $500,000 per occurrence. This coverage is extended to provide excess coverage above $500,000 to statutory coverage limits through FASIS participation in the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority. FASIS is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of representatives from member districts. The Board controls the operations of FASIS, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets. Member contributions paid by the District to FASIS for the year ended June 30, 2022 was $369,255. The following is a summary of the audited financial information of FASIS as of June 30, 2022:

Total Assets	$	69,768,290
Total Liabilities		50,269,832
Net Position		19,498,458
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$	69,768,290
Total Revenues	$	18,325,796
Total Expenditures		18,826,006
Change in Net Position	$	(500,210)

The relationship between Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District and the Joint Powers Authority are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 10 – EXCESS EXPENDITURES

The District incurred unanticipated expenditures in excess of appropriations in expenditure classifications for which the budget was not revised.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Excess Expenditures	
Salaries and wages	$	935,611
Insurance		15,298
Maintenance		12,432
Administration charges		6,152
Fuel, lube and tires		21,517
Communication		7,493
Director's expense		1,525
Dispatching		29,421
Firefighter supplies		4,713
Legal and professional service:		95,218
Office expense		2,524
Capital outlay		5,510
Total	$	1,137,414

NOTE 11 – POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT (PPA)

In 2017, the District entered into a 20-year contract with American Renewable Capital (ARC), Inc. for a solar power generating system for approximately 50,000 kWh per year. The District will purchase 100% of the electricity produced by the system. ARC owns title to the system. At the end of the 20-year contract term, the District must exercise one of the following options: (a) purchase the system for the then fair market value of the system, not to be less than ten percent (10%) of the system purchase price under the installation contract; (b) extend the term of the agreement for five (5) years at the same kWh rate; (c) terminate the agreement and require ARC to remove the system from the site within one hundred twenty (120) days of the agreement termination date, at ARC's expense,; or (d) any other arrangement as mutually agreed to between the District and ARC. If the District has not exercised and consummated any of the above options prior to the expiration of this agreement, the term of this agreement will be automatically extended for two (2) years.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES

The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Current Year Budget			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes - secured and unsecured	$ 5,963,130	$ 5,963,130	$ 6,562,524	$ 599,394
Special assessments	2,451,280	2,451,280	2,440,110	(11,170)
Federal grants	236,000	236,000	540,439	304,439
Licenses/permits	115,000	115,000	135,933	20,933
Plan check and service fees	350,000	350,000	562,672	212,672
Other services	389,556	389,556	868,992	479,436
Interest income	16,500	16,500	5,875	(10,625)
Miscellaneous income	82,000	82,000	119,944	37,944
Total revenues	9,603,466	9,603,466	11,236,489	1,633,023
EXPENDITURES				
Salaries and wages	4,641,549	4,641,549	5,577,160	(935,611)
Employee benefits	5,076,537	5,076,537	4,632,190	444,347
Insurance	435,295	435,295	450,593	(15,298)
Maintenance	249,260	249,260	261,692	(12,432)
Administration charges	101,956	101,956	108,108	(6,152)
Fuel, lube and tires	141,321	141,321	162,838	(21,517)
Communication	69,778	69,778	77,271	(7,493)
Director's expense	7,825	7,825	9,350	(1,525)
Dispatching	168,000	168,000	197,421	(29,421)
Firefighter supplies	348,263	348,263	352,976	(4,713)
Legal and professional services	94,933	94,933	190,151	(95,218)
Office expense	36,951	36,951	39,475	(2,524)
Public relations and training	199,884	199,884	151,176	48,708
Utilities	128,278	128,278	122,526	5,752
Capital Outlay	-	-	5,510	(5,510)
Miscellaneous expense	136,376	136,376	136,056	320
Total expenditures	11,836,206	11,836,206	12,474,493	(638,287)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,232,740)	(2,232,740)	(1,238,004)	994,736
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	2,108,552	2,108,552	2,108,552	-
Operating transfers out	(32,924)	(32,924)	(32,924)	-
Rental income	60,700	60,700	57,991	(2,709)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,136,328	2,136,328	2,133,619	(2,709)
Net change in fund balances	(96,412)	(96,412)	895,615	992,027
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	2,025,213	2,025,213	2,534,034	508,821
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	$ 1,928,801	$ 1,928,801	$ 3,429,649	$ 1,500,848

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

LATHROP-MANTECA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MEASURE C SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Current Year Budget			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Measure C Taxes	$ -	$ -	$ 4,157,516	$ 4,157,516
Interest income	-	-	8,181	8,181
Total revenues	-	-	4,165,697	4,165,697
EXPENDITURES				
Firefighter supplies	150,000	150,000	161,832	(11,832)
Total expenditures	150,000	150,000	161,832	(11,832)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(150,000)	(150,000)	4,003,865	4,153,865
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers out	(2,718,956)	(2,718,956)	(2,568,552)	150,404
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,718,956)	(2,718,956)	(2,568,552)	150,404
Net change in fund balances	(2,868,956)	(2,868,956)	1,435,313	4,304,269
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	2,025,213	2,025,213	2,146,591	121,378
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	$ (843,743)	$ (843,743)	$ 3,581,904	$ 4,425,647

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
Last 10 years*

Measurement Date	**6/30/21**	**6/30/20**	**6/30/19**	**6/30/18**	**6/30/17**
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	$ 593,177	$ 367,183	$ 328,018	$ 399,590	$ 452,515
Interest	216,105	279,076	279,760	283,280	238,226
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(106,679)	-	(255,754)	-
Changes in assumptions	65,588	1,320,585	352,347	(870,515)	(696,692)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(256,569)	(260,549)	(294,126)	(267,914)	(282,056)
Net change in total OPEB liability	618,301	1,599,616	665,999	(711,313)	(288,007)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	9,313,603	7,713,987	7,047,988	7,759,301	8,047,308
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	9,931,904	9,313,603	7,713,987	7,047,988	7,759,301
OPEB fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	$ 256,569	$ 260,549	$ 294,126	$ 267,914	$ 282,056
Net investment income	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(256,569)	(260,549)	(294,126)	(267,914)	(282,056)
Administrative expense	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	$ 9,931,904	$ 9,313,603	$ 7,713,987	$ 7,047,988	$ 7,759,301
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	$ 5,876,197	$ 4,888,757	$ 4,635,326	$ 3,345,919	$ 3,345,919
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	169.02%	190.51%	166.42%	210.64%	231.90%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Last 10 years*

Measurement Date	**6/30/2021**	**6/30/2020**	**6/30/2019**	**6/30/2018**
District's proportionate share	1.5476%	1.4907%	1.3516%	1.3047%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 18,868,522	$ 24,997,459	$ 22,829,316	$ 24,263,171
Covered payroll	$ 3,630,094	$ 3,743,525	$ 3,513,665	$ 3,298,966
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	519.78%	667.75%	649.73%	735.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	77.50%	66.00%	64.40%	59.60%

Measurement Date	**6/30/2017**	**6/30/2016**	**6/30/2015**	**6/30/2014**
District's proportionate share	1.2440%	1.1424%	1.0494%	1.0103%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 17,786,633	$ 19,050,054	$ 16,143,338	$ 13,310,655
Covered payroll	$ 2,782,702	$ 2,599,290	$ 2,537,964	$ 2,301,028
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	639.19%	732.89%	636.07%	578.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.54%	60.51%	61.07%	65.18%

* - The fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was the first year of implementation, therefore no prior year information is shown.

Schedule of Contributions
Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension
As of June 30
Last 10 years, subject to available information
(first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)

	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2019-20	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2017-18
Contractually required contribution	$ 2,969,028	$ 2,760,478	$ 2,069,953	$ 2,018,992
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually required contribution	2,969,028	2,760,478	2,069,953	2,018,992
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 3,630,094	$ 3,743,525	$ 3,513,665	$ 3,298,966
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	81.79%	73.74%	58.91%	61.20%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2020 (for Contributions made in fiscal year FY 2021-2022)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for fiscal year 2021-22):

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Actuarial Loss from 2009
Remaining Amortization period	Unfunded liability - 11 years / Extraordinary Actuarial Loss - 19 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market, 80% /120% corridor around market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Safety - 50-55, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality	CalPERS 2017 Post-Retirement Healthy Mortality rates, adjusted by 90% for Males (Miscellaneous and Safety), with a generational improvements rom a base year of 2014 using scale MP-2017.
Disabled Mortality	CalPERS 2017 Disability Mortality rates (Non-Industrial rates for Miscellaneous members and Industrial Disability rates for Safety members), adjusted by 90% for Males and Females (Miscellaneous and Safety) with generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Fiscal Year 2014-15	Fiscal Year 2013-14
$ 1,962,065	$ 1,715,421	$ 1,551,709	$ 1,436,038
1,962,065	1,715,421	1,551,709	1,436,038
$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
$ 2,782,702	$ 2,599,290	$ 2,537,964	$ 2,816,052
70.51%	66.00%	61.14%	50.99%

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PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual – General Fund

The District employs budget control by account codes and by individual appropriation accounts. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Directors to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by object level, which is a category of account codes such as salaries and benefits or charges for services. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The budgeting is on the cash basis which is another comprehensive basis of accounting.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. 2017 was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be added in the future.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years will be added in the future.

Changes in assumptions

In 2020, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

Schedule of Pension Contributions

If an employer's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements, the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plan (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020
Measurement Date	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.00% net of investment expenses
Inflation	2.75%
Amortization Growth Rate	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.00% plus merit component
COLA increases	2.60%
Post-Retirement Mortality	Sex distinct tables from the Society of Actuaries' new Public mortality tables, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2018A

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors
Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District
Lathrop, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District (District), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We have also issued a separate Memorandum on Internal Control dated March 8, 2023 which is an integral part of our audit and should be read in conjunction with this report.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maze + Associates

Pleasant Hill, California
March 8, 2023